

11277

## REFERENCE CARD

7-16

## GERMANY

## THIERACK

SS Obergruppenführer; recently appointed Minister of Justice, replacing Dr. SCHLEGELBERGER, an appointment which makes it clear that there is only one power in Germany today: SS and Gestapo; he immediately proclaimed that "New Order" would be permanent for all Europe, not just for war-time Germany; his first act was to empower SS to embark on mass espionage of Germans; originally from Saxony, became State Attorney for Leipzig and Dresden after last war; famous for his harshness to Leftists and leniency to avowed Nazis; Hitler made him Minister of Justice for Saxony under von KILLINGER, with whom he worked to wipe out all anti-Nazis; was later made vice-president of Reich Justice Administration; soon joined SS; when he was made President of Juridical Court and People's Court of Justice, those two courts became more feared than the Gestapo; went to Vienna after Anschluss just to "set an example"; went to Prague, to.

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Gestapo headquarters, to try Elias, Klapka, Schmoranz, and other Czech patriots, all of whom were put to death; while there, he was very much impressed with thoroughness of German Police Chief, KAMPZ (q.v.) whom he later made a member of People's Court; is assisted in People's Court by FREISLER (q.v.)

"The New Triumvirate: Himmler, Bormann, Thierack" by Dr. Rudolph OSS, New York, Osborne-Hoover, Sept. 29, 1942 Katz

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REFERENCE CARD

7-16

GERMANY

THIERACK

His appointment as head of German judicial system one of the few appointments of SS men to high places which has attracted any notice abroad.

"Hitler's Generals" by Dr. Rudolph Katz  
OCS, New York, Osborne- Hoover, Oct. 29, 1942

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GERMANY

rpt February 1943

THIERACK, OTTO GEORG

Minister of Justice / born Wurzen, Saxony, April 19, 1889; student classical gymnasium (political science); LL.D., University of Marburg, Leipzig, February 1914; volunteered for armed forces; commd. lieutenant (Reserve), March 1917 / appointed court assessor; public prosecutor, Leipzig, April 1, 1921; public prosecutor, country court of appeal, Dresden, Oct. 1, 1926; chief Ministry of Justice, Saxony, March 10, 1933; state minister of justice, May 1933; deputy, Reich ministry of Justice, December 1934; appointed vice president Reich Court of Justice, April 1935; member Academy of German Law / awarded: Iron cross, 2d class; Saxon Albrecht order, 2d class with swords; Reuss hon. crown with swords; hon. leader Elite Guard, German workers National Socialist Party.

Who's Who Monthly Supplement, February 1943

WHY 1943

F

GERMANY

rpt May 15, 1943

THIERACK, Dr. OTTO GEORG

Has 'ordered that civil cases can be tried before the law only if the case has importance for the war effort'; a similar restriction was put on criminal actions some time ago.

London radio, May 15, 1943

New York Times, May 16, 1943, p. 33

(11098)

CID 16658-F

1934

GERMANY

THIERFELDER, F.

In 1934 wrote 'The Economic Importance of  
Germandom Abroad'.

Committee for National Morale, German Psychological Warfare,  
New York, September 1941, p. 127

110981

1640

rpt November 11, 1941

**GERMANY**

**THIES, GISELE**

(One of the pupils of source in his evening class in advanced Spanish October to December 1938 at the Ibero-American Institute in Berlin (see FAUPEL); these pupils were adults who had lived for some time in Latin America; they were being secretly instructed as spies by Faupel; all are now working under assumed names in South America.

Article by SANCHEZ CALVETE (q.v., ARGENTINA) on Ibero-American Institute, c. December 1941

(11098)

CID 16658-F

1932

GERMANY

THIMME, H.

In his book, World War without Weapons, the Propaganda of the Western Powers, its Effects and Counter-defense, published in 1932, he followed Ludendorff's thesis that the Allies won the first war through clever British propaganda and because of lack of German counter-propaganda; he had access to various General Staff documents, and made a valuable exposé of Allied propaganda and espionage operations in Switzerland and Holland.

Committee for National Morale, German Psychological Warfare, New York, September, 1941, p.118

(11098)



CID 16658-F

1936

GERMANY

THOFERN, Colonel

Author of article concerning the class and professional duties of non-commissioned officers; this appeared in Soldatentum in 1936.

Committee for National Morale, German Psychological Warfare, New York, September 1941, p. 94

(11098)

F

rpt April 2, 1943

GERMANY

TECHOLTE, Maj. General

Has recently been promoted from colonel.

Pariser Zeitung, April 2, 1943  
Press Survey

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Field

November 1, 1942

GERMANY

THOMA, General von

*from Lt. General*  
Promoted to General in the  
Panzer Forces, effective  
November 1, 1942.

FOI, late 1942

(11098)

B-726

REFERENCE CARD

7-16

**GERMANY**

**THOMA, Regierungsrat**

Of Stuttgart / a harsh taskmaster/ visited the  
internees at Liebenau Camp in Württemberg,  
where source was from March to May, 1942.

Foreign Expert Survey (supplement to B-726)  
October 12, 1942

REFERENCE CARD

7-16

GREAT BRITAIN

THOMA, GENERAL RITTER VON

51 years old; commanded German tank forces in Spanish Civil War and became known as the "Butcher of Guernica"; commanded German Afrika Corps and was captured by British on Nov. 4, 1942; was flown secretly to England and his whereabouts kept secret; according to military correspondent of London Daily Mail, subject revealed the bitter feeling in the inner circles of German General Staff who feel that "Hitler has ruined the Reichswehr".

London, Nov. 20, 1942, Special cable to the New York Times  
New York Times, Nov. 21, 1942

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7-16

REFERENCE CARD

GERMANY

THOMAS, GENERAL

Not running for aviation production, the four year plan  
in Goering's (q.v.) place; Speer<sup>(q.v.)</sup> is doing the same for  
munitions production.

OSR #2906, Bern, June 23, 1942

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December 1, 1942

GERMANY

THOMAS, Major General ALFRED

His promotion to Major General  
effective December 1, 1942.

Deutsche Allgemeine Zeitung  
State Department Plain Cable, Bern, December 8, 1942

110981

CED 16658-F

1939

GERMANY

THOMAS, G.

Brilliant chief of the German Economic General Staff and a power behind Göring's economic throne / stresses the importance of total economy in total war, in an article which appeared in Die Deutsche Wehrmacht in 1939.

Committee for National Morale, German Psychological Warfare,  
New York, September 1941, p. 108

(11098)



GERMANY

rpt April 30, 1943

THOMAS, GEORG

Named chief of the Ministry of Munitions.

FCC, FBIS #2, April 1 - 30, 1943

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CID-32213-C

rpt May 6, 1942

GERMANY

THOMAS, General of Infantry GEORG

Chief of the 'Amtsgruppe Wehrwirtschaft' in the High Command; according to DNB of May 6, 1942, has been appointed to Armament Council / an old friend and advisor of GÖRING on matters concerning war industry; at one time served under Becker on the 'Heereswaffenamt' but was mainly the liaison between armed services and the Four Year Plan.

Nazis in the News, May 6, 1942

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GERMANY

July 1, 1943

THOMAS, Lt. General WILHELM

His promotion from maj. general became effective July 1, 1943.

FCG, Daily Report, August 4, 1943

(1098)

REFERENCE CARD

7-16

**GERMANY**

**THOMSEN, DR. HANS**

Former Counsellor at German Embassy, Washington; officially denied any connection between German-American Bund and German Government, in effort to protect Fritz Kuhn, indicted leader of Bund.

**Nazi Movement in the United States**

June 1940, pp. 221-225 (returned to . ,

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Closely connected with Hitler as early as March, 1933.

Bella Fromm - Blood and Banquets, Harper's Magazine, Sept. 1942

10664

REFERENCE CARD

7-16

GERMANY

THOMSEN, HANS

Former Counselor of Embassy, Washington; in training course for Nazi spies devised by BOHLE (q.v.), lectures those destined for the U.S.

Die Zeitung, London, as reported in PI, August 25, 1942

REFERENCE CARD

7-16

SWEDEN (also GERMANY, ~~REDACTED~~)

January 2, 1943

THOMSEN, HANS

According to Berlin radio, is to replace Prince Victor zu WIED as Minister to Stockholm / this shake up is reportedly taking place at the suggestion of von RIBBENTROP / is regarded in London as a clever diplomat and a close friend of both Hitler and von Ribbentrop.

Associated Press Dispatch from London, January 2, 1943  
Washington Post, January 3, 1943

Apparently not the same as Hans THOMSEN (SPAIN).

BR, June 29, 1943

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11679

## REFERENCE CARD

7-16

. SWEDEN

rpt. January 4, 1943

THOMSEN, HANS

Of Norwegian origin; had spent part of childhood in Norway and spoke Norwegian very well / learned languages very easily and his dexterity in Italian first won him Hitler's favor at latter's first meeting with Mussolini in Venice / became Nazi early and was Hitler's liaison man between Chancellory and Foreign Office; during this period displayed loyalty to source as an old friend / in Washington in 1941 gave source impression that he knew little of Berlin activities and was worried over increase of power of the Himmlers in the Party; he is such a master at concealing his Nazi activities that he may have been deceiving source, but this is doubtful / outwardly leads cat and dog life with his wife (q.v.), but fundamentally they get along well and she often has obtained information for him / is

-2-

rpt. January 4, 1943

**SWEDEN**

**THOMSEN, Hans**

**11679**

probably being sent to Sweden now that Prince von WIED (q.v.) has converted aristocracy as far as possible, in order to work on bourgeoisie.

OSS, New York, Sigrid Schultz, January 4, 1943



PS

SWEDEN

rpt January 20, 1943

THOMSEN, Dr. HANS

Has replaced Prince zu WIED (q.v.) at the German legation;  
according to source Thomsen is a master of espionage and  
very pro-Nazi.

Maurice Feldman, New York  
Boston Globe, January 20, 1943

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IP

SWEDEN

rpt February 19, 1943

THOMSEN, HANS

His recent appointment is reported to have been instigated by von PAPEN (TURKEY) who believes it wise to have men in the important neutral diplomatic posts who are not fanatical Nazis and can therefore be used for peace negotiations with the United Nations; von MOLTKE's appointment to Madrid was made for the same reason.

Naval Intercept, February 19, 1943

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SWEDEN

March 2, 1943

THOMSEN, HANS

Presented his credentials as German Ambassador to King GUSTAV  
on March 2, 1943.

Berlin broadcast, recorded by AP, New York  
New York Times, March 3, 1943, p.3

(11098)

CD

SWEDEN

rpt April 20, 1943

THOMSEN

He and DIECKHOFF (SPAIN) are moderates, so it seems strange that they have been dispatched to neutral countries; other diplomatic changes indicate clearly, however, that von RIBBENTROP (GERMANY) is placing his own followers in important places.

Swiss diplomat assigned to Berlin  
OSS #15492, Stockholm, April 20, 1943

(11098)

CD

S-3

**SWEDEN**

**rpt July 19, 1943**

**THOMSEN, HANS**

**Has asked RENZETTI (q.v.), Italian Minister, to send Gastone GUIDOTTI, Italian First Secretary, out of Sweden immediately.**

**CSS #19966, Stockholm, July 19, 1943**

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11679

REFERENCE CARD

7-16

SWEDEN ?

rpt. January 4, 1943

THOMSEN, Frau HANS

In spite of a flighty exterior, manages to gather a good deal of information for her husband (q.v.); has remarkable memory for names, facts and figures / when in Washington, she made statement that she did not want to return to Germany and denied it after it was published; if she is allowed to go to Stockholm with her husband, it will mean that she has been useful enough to Nazis for them to forgive her this indiscretion.

OSR, New York, Sigrid Schultz, January 4, 1943

SWEDEN.

rpt January 20 ?, 1943

THOMSEN, Frau HANS.

Brown eyed, auburn-haired beauty; talked incessantly; was regarded with mixed feelings of pity and suspicion but was popular in Washington nevertheless / occasionally spoke quite openly and violently against Hitler; some felt she did this in order to extract confidences from Americans / divorce between her and her personable husband was rumored because of her unwillingness to return to Germany; they both vigorously denied these rumors however, and when all enemy aliens had to leave U.S., they seemed quite happy to be returning to Germany.

Hope Ridings Miller, Washington Post, January 20, ?, 1943

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Approved For Release 2010/12/08 : CIA-RDP82-00038R001000170030-1

Washington Post  
January 20 1, 1943

Approved For Release 2010/12/08 : CIA-RDP82-00038R001000170030-1



IP

rpt March 6, 1943 .

BIRM

THOMSEN, HENNING

German Secretary of Legation in Dublin; number one Nazi  
spy in Eire; number two is Carl H. PETERSEN.

Eugene Lennhoff, European Correspondents Ltd., London  
OSS New York; rcd IP March 6, 1943

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REFERENCE CARD

7-16

GERMANY

THORN, VON

One of Hitler's alleged mistresses; has occasionally stayed in one of Hitler's guest houses near the Berghof in Berchtesgaden; a little, hysterical, brunette who does not seem to have enough influence with Hitler to worry Eva BRAUN (q.v.).

OSS, New York, Sigrid Schultz, October 24, 1942  
(Source left Germany in Feb. 1941)

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GERMANY

rpt April 2, 1943

THUMM, Maj. General

Has recently been promoted from colonel.

Pariser Zeitung, April 2, 1943  
Press Survey

(11698)

January 1, 1943

**GERMANY**

**THÜNGEN, Lt. General von**

His promotion from Major General  
to Lt. General effective January  
1, 1943.

State Department Plain Cable #841, Bern, February 5, 1943

110981

BR-10

REFERENCE CARD

*to March 1940*

GERMANY

THYSSEN, FRITZ

Biographical sketch.

Current Biography, 1940

CD 321

## REFERENCE CARD

7-16

## GERMANY

## THYSSEN, FRITZ

Reported to have suggested agreement with Soviets, and persuaded some important generals and manufacturers to agree because it would supply Germany with essential raw materials and an export market, create an economic bloc, and free military strength for operations against Britain; some feel Goering (q.v.) favors this; rumored also that Thyssen, though under detention in Harz mountains, is permitted to go to Berlin under guard; also rumored that depends completely on Goering for livelihood.

OES#2137, Bern, May 18, 1942

11679

REFERENCE CARD

7-16

GERMANY

THYSSEN

Admits financing Ludendorff and Hitler in the days of the Republic, but certainly <sup>also</sup> financed those closer to the Reichswehr, such as CANARIS; it was through the support of big German financiers that the Reichswehr was enabled to spend infinitely more than its budget showed during this period.

OS3, New York, Sigrid Schultz, Nov. 17, 1942  
(Source left Germany in Feb. 1941)

15567

REFERENCE CARD

to February 1941

GERMANY

THYSSEN

One of the German industrialists who cooperated with German Secret General Staff when it was formed immediately after armistice of 1918; for others who cooperated, see HAUSHOFER.

OSS, New York, Sigrid Schultz, January 20, 1943  
(Source left Germany in Feb. 1941)



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F

GERMANY

rpt December 1, 1941

THYSSEN, FRITZ

Former leading German industrialist / born Muhlheim, Ruhr, Germany, November 9, 1878; son of August and Hedwig (Pelzer) Thyssen; educated at Realgymnasium, Düsseldorf Tech. High School; Ecole des Mines, Liege, Central Institute, London; married Amelie Holle, January 18, 1900; 1 daughter--Countess Anita Zichy-Thyssen; entered United Steel Works in 1892; became chairman of board, 1926; in 1923 awarded degree of Dr. jurisprudence for defending Germany's right against the invaders before French Court Martial / provided financial backing for Hitler in his rise to power / \*refused to follow Hitler later and incurred Hitler's dislike; was interned, but fled to Switzerland, then to France and now believed to be in South America / it is reported that he had deposited \$3,000,000 of his private wealth in Union Banking Corporation, New York City ( a bank which he (over)

(11398)

- 2 -

rpt December 1, 1941

GERMANY

THYSSEN, FRITZ

BR

organized); these funds now frozen under the edict of President Roosevelt; Thyssen was deprived of his German citizenship and his property confiscated 1940; author of series of articles in Liberty (magazine) [December 1941], 'I Paid Hitler's Way to Power.'

Who's Who Monthly Supplement, quarterly cumulation, December 1, 1941

[\*A complete break with Hitler and escape to other countries is not confirmed by other sources. BR]

CR

rpt March 19, 1942

GERMANY

THYSSEN

Financier / with FLICK and KRUPP, financed German Army's Secret Service by running it as a private enterprise after the Versailles Treaty forbade its continuance, and by hiring its director, NICOLAI, as a 'private employee'.

Letter from Bruno FRICKE (ARGENTINA), March 19, 1942<sup>3</sup>  
to Hans Peter PFIFER (EL SALVADOR)  
USNC CR 1981/42

110981

rpt April 7, 1943

GERMANY

THYSSEN, FRITZ

Is reported to be held in custody in a Berlin hotel.

Aftonbladet, Stockholm, April 7, 1943  
Washington Post, April 8, 1943, p.4

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rpt April 8, 1943

GERMANY

THYSEN, FRITZ

He and his wife are in custody at a sanitarium at Neubabelsberg (a suburb of Berlin) / their movements are not restricted to any great extent; they can take occasional automobile rides, and on one occasion he was allowed to visit the Hotel Bristol in Berlin / seems well and is avoiding all politics / told source he was annoyed at the pirating from him of material which appeared in I Paid Hitler, which he considers an inaccurate and impolitic work.

Mrs. Stangenberg O'BRIEN (SWEDEN)  
OSS #14858, Stockholm, April 8, 1943

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**GERMANY**

rpt April 20, 1943

**THYSSEN**

Typical degenerate, stupid, industrialist; his difficulties with the Nazis have doubtless arisen because of the fact that he talks too much / is held in no respect by his subordinates.

R&A, Central European Section, oral (Neumann), April 20, 1943

(11098)

CD 18048

GERMANY

rpt April 24, 1943

THY SSEN

Believed to be not in prison but in 'residence surveillé.'

#288-289

OSS, Bern, April 24, 1943

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Dead

GERMANY

rpt April 29, 1943

THYSSEN, HANS

Industrialist; brother of Fritz THYSSEN / has died in Munich  
after a long illness.

Frankfurter Zeitung, April 29, 1943.  
New York Times, May 5, 1943

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BR FU-456

C

GERMANY

MEYSEN, HANS

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R

rpt May 19, 1943

GERMANY

TICHY, HERBERT

Special correspondent of the Deutsche Allgemeine Zeitung / was recently, and still may be, in Japan, where he interviewed General Tsurukichi MANAI (MANCHURIA).

Berlin radio, May 19, 1943  
FCC, Daily Report, May 20, 1943

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